

الوحدة الأولى: حلول التمارين

القياس الدائري

تمارين ١-١

(١) أ الطريقة ١

$$^{\circ}81 = \frac{^{\circ}180}{\pi} \times \frac{\pi 9}{2} \quad \text{ط} \quad ^{\circ}81 = \frac{^{\circ}180}{\pi} \times \frac{\pi 9}{2} \quad \text{ي}$$

$$\pi = ^{\circ}180$$

$$^{\circ}48 = \frac{^{\circ}180}{\pi} \times \frac{\pi 4}{15} \quad \text{ك} \quad ^{\circ}252 = \frac{^{\circ}180}{\pi} \times \frac{\pi 7}{5} \quad \text{ل}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{9} = \left(\frac{^{\circ}180}{9} \right)$$

$$^{\circ}420 = \frac{^{\circ}180}{\pi} \times \frac{\pi 7}{3} \quad \text{م} \quad ^{\circ}225 = \frac{^{\circ}180}{\pi} \times \frac{\pi 5}{4} \quad \text{ن}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{9} = ^{\circ}20$$

$$^{\circ}202,5 = \frac{^{\circ}180}{\pi} \times \frac{\pi 9}{8} \quad \text{س}$$

الطريقة ٢

$$\pi \cdot 0,489 = \frac{\pi}{^{\circ}180} \times ^{\circ}28 \quad \text{أ} \quad (٣)$$

$$\frac{\pi}{9} = \left(\frac{\pi}{^{\circ}180} \times ^{\circ}20 \right) = ^{\circ}20$$

$$^{\circ}820 = \frac{\pi}{^{\circ}180} \times ^{\circ}47 \quad \text{ب} \quad ^{\circ}509 = \frac{\pi}{^{\circ}180} \times ^{\circ}32 \quad \text{ج}$$

$$\frac{\pi 5}{36} = \frac{\pi}{^{\circ}180} \times ^{\circ}25 \quad \text{د} \quad \frac{\pi 2}{9} = \frac{\pi}{^{\circ}180} \times ^{\circ}40 \quad \text{هـ}$$

$$^{\circ}50,59 = \frac{\pi}{^{\circ}180} \times ^{\circ}320 \quad \text{و} \quad ^{\circ}3,49 = \frac{\pi}{^{\circ}180} \times ^{\circ}200 \quad \text{ز}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{36} = \frac{\pi}{^{\circ}180} \times ^{\circ}5 \quad \text{ح} \quad \frac{\pi 5}{18} = \frac{\pi}{^{\circ}180} \times ^{\circ}50 \quad \text{ط}$$

$$^{\circ}68,6 = \frac{^{\circ}180}{\pi} \times ^{\circ}1,2 \quad \text{ي} \quad (٤)$$

$$\frac{\pi 3}{4} = \frac{\pi}{^{\circ}180} \times ^{\circ}135 \quad \text{ك} \quad \frac{\pi 5}{6} = \frac{\pi}{^{\circ}180} \times ^{\circ}150 \quad \text{ل}$$

ب للتحويل من الراديان إلى الدرجات اضرب في $\frac{^{\circ}180}{\pi}$

$$^{\circ}45,8 = \frac{^{\circ}180}{\pi} \times ^{\circ}8$$

$$\frac{\pi 5}{4} = \frac{\pi}{^{\circ}180} \times ^{\circ}225 \quad \text{م} \quad \frac{\pi 7}{6} = \frac{\pi}{^{\circ}180} \times ^{\circ}210 \quad \text{ن}$$

$$^{\circ}76,8 = \frac{^{\circ}180}{\pi} \times ^{\circ}1,34 \quad \text{و}$$

$$\frac{\pi 12}{36} = \frac{\pi}{^{\circ}180} \times ^{\circ}65 \quad \text{ز} \quad \frac{\pi 5}{3} = \frac{\pi}{^{\circ}180} \times ^{\circ}300 \quad \text{ح}$$

$$^{\circ}87,1 = \frac{^{\circ}180}{\pi} \times ^{\circ}1,52 \quad \text{ح}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{20} = \frac{\pi}{^{\circ}180} \times ^{\circ}9 \quad \text{ط} \quad \pi 3 = \frac{\pi}{^{\circ}180} \times ^{\circ}540 \quad \text{ي}$$

$$^{\circ}45,3 = \frac{^{\circ}180}{\pi} \times ^{\circ}8,79 \quad \text{ط}$$

$$\frac{\pi 10}{3} = \frac{\pi}{^{\circ}180} \times ^{\circ}600 \quad \text{ك} \quad \frac{\pi 7}{36} = \frac{\pi}{^{\circ}180} \times ^{\circ}35 \quad \text{ل}$$

$$^{\circ}60 = \frac{^{\circ}180}{\pi} \times \frac{\pi}{3} \quad \text{م} \quad ^{\circ}90 = \frac{^{\circ}180}{\pi} \times \frac{\pi}{2} \quad \text{ن} \quad (٢)$$

$$^{\circ}15 = \frac{^{\circ}180}{\pi} \times \frac{\pi}{12} \quad \text{و} \quad ^{\circ}30 = \frac{^{\circ}180}{\pi} \times \frac{\pi}{6} \quad \text{ح}$$

$$^{\circ}80 = \frac{^{\circ}180}{\pi} \times \frac{\pi 4}{9} \quad \text{ط} \quad ^{\circ}240 = \frac{^{\circ}180}{\pi} \times \frac{\pi 4}{3} \quad \text{ي}$$

$$^{\circ}105 = \frac{^{\circ}180}{\pi} \times \frac{\pi 7}{12} \quad \text{ك} \quad ^{\circ}54 = \frac{^{\circ}180}{\pi} \times \frac{\pi 3}{10} \quad \text{ل}$$

٥) أ

الدرجة	°	°٤٥	°٩٠	°١٣٥	°١٨٠	°٢٢٥	°٢٧٠	°٣١٥	°٣٦٠
الراديان	٠	$\frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{3\pi}{4}$	π	$\frac{5\pi}{4}$	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	$\frac{7\pi}{4}$	2π

ب

الدرجة	°	°٣٠	°٦٠	°٩٠	°١٢٠	°١٥٠	°١٨٠	°٢١٠	°٢٤٠	°٢٧٠	°٣٠٠	°٣٣٠	°٣٦٠
الراديان	٠	$\frac{\pi}{6}$	$\frac{\pi}{3}$	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{2\pi}{3}$	$\frac{5\pi}{6}$	π	$\frac{7\pi}{6}$	$\frac{4\pi}{3}$	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	$\frac{5\pi}{3}$	$\frac{11\pi}{6}$	2π

ليس ضرورياً أن تحوّل قياس الزاوية إلى درجات. ضع فقط وضعية راديان (rad mode) على الحاسبة.

٦) أ جا(٠,٧) = ٠,٦٤٤ ب ظا(١,٥) = ١٤,١

ج جتا(٠,٩) = ٠,٦٢٢ د جتا $\frac{\pi}{2}$ = ٠

هـ جا $\frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = ٠,٨٦٦$ و ظا $\frac{\pi}{5} = ٠,٧٢٧$

٧) أ ظا $\frac{L}{5} = ١$

$L = ٥ \times \text{ظا } ١$

$L = ٥ \times ١,٥٥٧٤$

$L = ٧,٧٩$ (لأقرب ٣ أرقام معنوية).

ب مجموع قياسات الزوايا الثلاث الداخلية هو π

$\widehat{L} + \widehat{S} + \widehat{A} = \pi - \frac{\pi}{2} - \pi$

$\widehat{L} - \frac{\pi}{2} =$

$\frac{2 - \pi}{2} =$

٨) أ $\sqrt{513} = \sqrt{26 - 29} = 51$

جا $\widehat{A} = \frac{\sqrt{513}}{13}$

$\widehat{A} = \left(\frac{\sqrt{513}}{13} \right)^{-1} =$ جا

$= ٠,٥٤٢$